

JHIHGUAN METAL & MATERIAL CO., LTD. JHIHGUAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING CO. LTD.

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		PROD	UCT DAT	A SHEET			
Foundry Flux:	Drossing / Co	vering Flu	lX				
Item No.:	JIT-D1, JIT-	D2, JIT-l	D3, JIT-D4	, JIT-D5,	JIT-C1,	JIT-C2,	JIT-FRC
Factory:	WuYi Sunrise	e Metal M	aterials Co.,	Ltd., in Zhejia	ang, Chin	a	
Covering / Covering A range of fluxes for PRODUCT DESCRITHER are many form magnesium alloys in PRODUCT FUNCTITHE JHIHGUAN flux Covering, protect Dross-off aluming Reclaiming swarf Recovery of aluming Cleansing and modular Removal of oxide PRODUCT SELECT Since there are very the table on the follo and the alloy which is specific applications,	covering, protecting PTION a variety of melting a variety of melting and dross-off ing and washing all and aluminum of the following aluminum from skimm of the build-up from fur TION many products in the wing pages. Each in the treats. When all the and that only from the products in th	GUAN fluxeng unites. The functions as faluminum aluminum/magnesium arnings to old ing. //silicon allognace walls. The JHIHGU product is rethese factors	s designed to be hey are in power follows: and aluminumagnesium alloy alloys with the btain a good mays. JAN flux range elated to its furst are considered to its furst are considered to its for some of economic some power in the sound in	e used on a rang der form or table alloy melts duri- s. e minimum of metal yield. , the main ones action, type of da d, there is very l ny and efficience	ge of alumiet form and melting melting melting metal loss. have been ross, melting ittle duplicy.	extracted ang unit who	and are shown in ere it is applied, the dictates of
Product	Flux type	point°C	Dross type	Melting unit	Alloy typ		Remarks
JIT-D3	Dross-off	65	50 Dry	Reverberatory, Rotary, Tilter Furnace	All alumi alloys exc containin magnesiu	cept those g high	
JIT-D4	Dross recovery	63	35				For recovery of aluminium from

hot drosses

JIT-D5	Covering Dross-off	Dry	Crucible,bale-o	Alloys containing 1-10% magnesium and hypo-eutectic aluminum silicon alloys.	Sodium-free
JIT-D2 JIT-D1	Dross-off	Dry	Crucible	As JIT-D3	Especially for pressure diecasting application. Used on a wide range of temperatures in diecasting.
JIT-C1	Covering	650 Dry	Reverberatory, Rotary, Tilter Furnace	All aluminium alloys except those containing high magnesium	
JIT-C2	Covering	450 Liquid	Reverberatory, Rotary, Tilter Furnace	Alloys containing 1-10% magnesium	Sodium Free
JIT-FRC	Furnace		Reverberatory, rotary		To remove oxide build-up formed on furnace walls
	cleaning		and transfer lac (if separately h		

Notes:

- 1. The melting points in this table are as determined under laboratory conditions.
- 2. If liquid flux is required, it is essential to select one with a melting point some 50°C below the pouring temperature of the alloy.

PRODUCT APPLICATION

The variety of JHIHGUAN fluxes requires that each group be dealt with in turn.

Covering and protecting during melting

Aluminium alloys and aluminium/magnesium alloys up to 2% magnesium are usually treated with dry fluxes in
crucible and induction melting and with liquid fluxes in reverberatory, rotary and large electric furnace melting. The
required flux is selected from the JHIHGUAN flux table. Suffucient JIT-C1 to form a cover, approximately 0.5 to 1.0%
by weight, is added, preferably in two stages, half early in the melting procedure and the remainder as soon as the
charges are fully molten. The cover should be kept intact if possible until the melt is ready for degassing and grain
refining.

 \square Aluminum/magnesium alloys containing more than 2% magnesium are treated with one of the several fluxes shown in the JHIHGUAN flux table. In the case of JIT-J1 approximately 0.5% of the product is put onto the solid charge and a further 2% is sprinkled evenly over the surface when the surface when the alloy is fully molten. When the flux becomes pasty or liquid about 750°C, the flux is worked well into the melt with a bell plunger for about three minutes.

Dross-off before pouring

metal-free dross which can be easily removed.
☐ In crucible furnaces, when dross-off is carried out, the crucible sides are scraped and the required quantity of the
selected JIT-D1 or JIT-D2 (250 grams is normally adequate for the lift-out or bale-out furnace) is sprinkled onto the
metal surface along with the existing flux cover and mixed into the surface of the metal until a red-glowing dross is
obtained. This exceptionally free of metal and can be removed with a perforated skimmer or ladle.
☐ In reverberatory furnace, the quantity of flux needed will depend on the cleanliness of the charge material and on the
surface area of the metal. The behaviour of the flux will indicate whether the dosage needs to be reduced or increased in
future applications.

The function of a dross-off flux is to absorb oxides and non-metallic material, cleansing the metal and forming a good

When the melt is ready for dross-off, the flux is spread over the metal surface, allowed to stand for a few minutes until fused and then rabbled or puddle into the dross for several minutes with a skimmer. For best results the melt should preferably be in excess of 700°C although fluxes will function well at temperatures below 650°C. The furnace is then closed an the flame turned on for ten minutes. This helps to activate the flux, heating the dross and giving good metal separation. The dross is then pulled to the door, allowed to drain and transferred to a dross bogey. If the dross in the bogey is raked, further metal will collect in the bottom.

Reclamation of swarf, skimmings and turnings

A heel of metal is melted using heavy scrap or ingot and a quantity of flux is added to form a fluid cover. The amount of JIT-D1 depends on the degree of dirtiness and oxidation of the scrap and will vary between five and 25% by weight. The swarf, turnings, etc., are fed through the flux cover a little at a time, into the melt adding more flux as required to keep the cover in a fluid condition. The temperature of the melt is kept relatively low during this procedure, and, when charging is complete, the heat is raised to pouring temperature. At this stage the flux may be poured off from rotary or reverberatory furnace but there is a significant advantage to be obtained by passing more than one melt through the same flux(duplexing).

Reclamation of aluminium from hot skimmings

JIT-D4 is a flux specifically designed for the purpose of treating dross as soon as they are skimmed off into dross carts. Even where a dross has been treated in a furnace with JIT-D3 there is still sufficient metal retained to make a further recover. The dross and JIT-D4 are added alternately into a dross cart in sandwich fashion, the application rate of the flux being about 10% by weight. An efficient exothermic reaction ensues and molten aluminum runs from the base of the cart into a suitable receptacle. The dross/JIT-D4 mixture should be stirred and pressed down until no further aluminum flows from the base.

Modifying aluminium/silicon alloys

The metal is melted down under JIT-D3 and ,when the required temperature is reached, the melt is degassed and skimmed clean. The modifying flux is then sprinkled evenly over the metal surface and, when pasty or fluid, is worked into the melt for approximately three minutes. After standing quietly for a further five to ten minutes or until the pouring temperature is reached, the melt is dross-off with JIT-D3 and then skimmed.